Agenda and Outline

I. Essentials of Strategic Planning: What Works, What Doesn't, and How Can I use my Plan to Drive

II. Case Analysis: Strategic Thinking and Execution—Porter Airlines

III. Competition and Growth in 3 Circles: Building a Growth Strategy

IV. Innovation—Innovating Without an R&D Budget

V. So Many Options, So Little Time, What's Next—Frameworks for Project Selection

VI. Strategic Foresight—Getting Future Ready Through Scenario Development

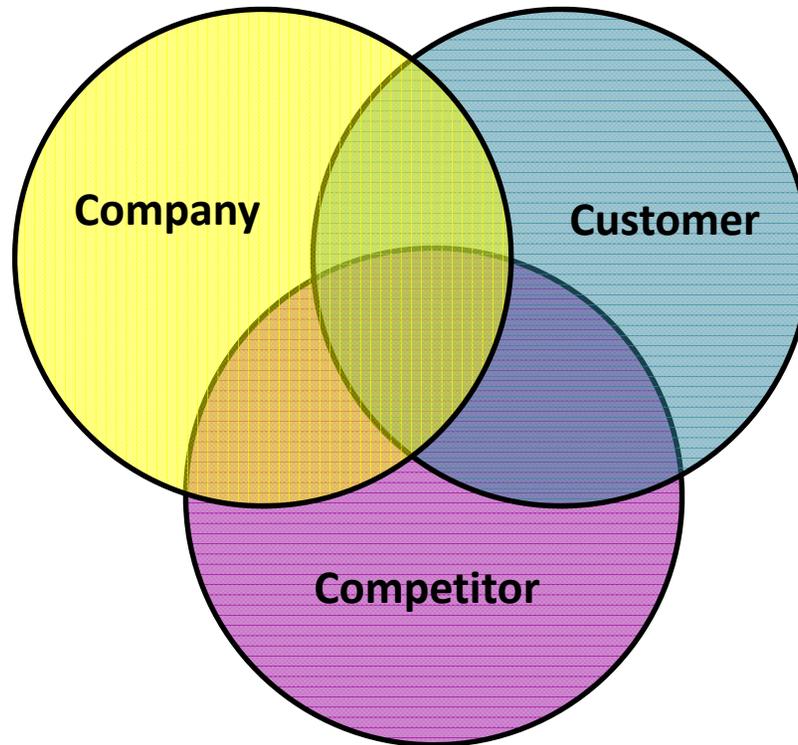VII. Application Breakout: Developing Your Future Scenarios

Growth in 3-Circles
Growth Strategy Project (GSP)

Joe Urbany

Jim Davis

Company

Customer

Competitor

Achieving Growth by Increasing Customer Value

Customer Segments—even for commodity products!

Mobil discovered five different customer segments.

Road Warriors (heavy drivers, travel)

True Blues (Mobil loyalists)
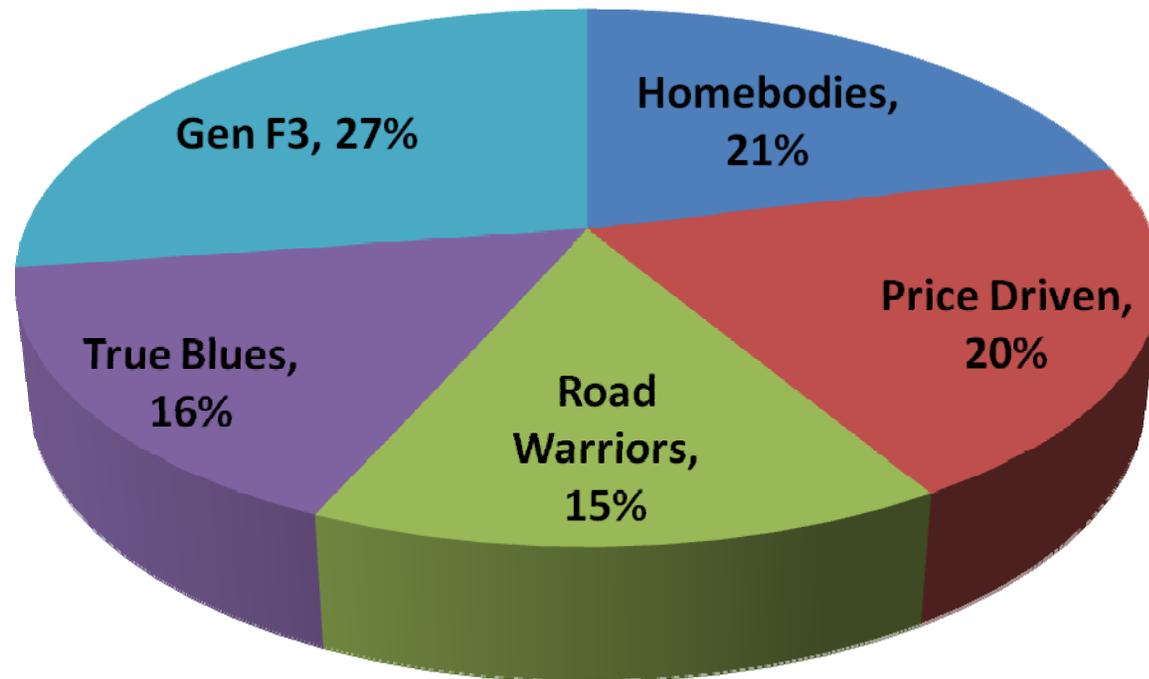
Gen F3 (young, snack buyers)

Homebodies (female head household)

Price Driven

Customer Segments—percentage breakdown for Mobil

Understanding Customer Preference and Choice

At U of C, Davis et al. undertook a
study of how effectively people
predict others' preferences.

20 NEW IDEAS & Products
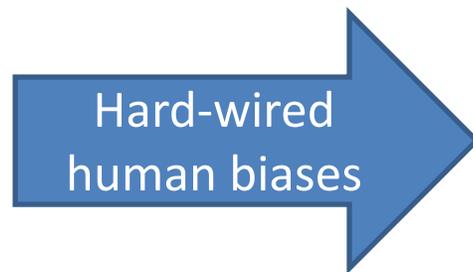
etc.

My purchase
intention ...

... and aother person's
purchase intention.

I RATE

How effective were they?   Not very !

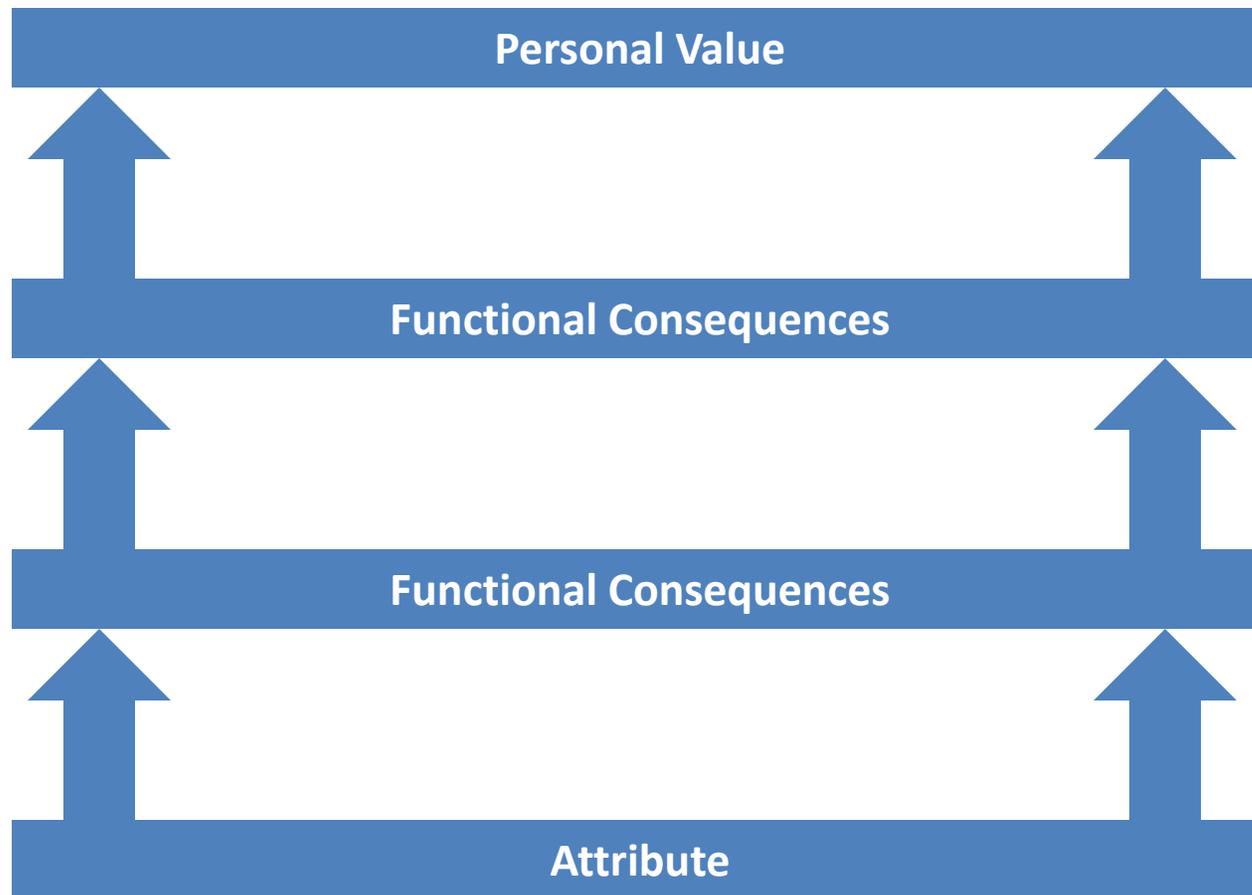"… subjects were no more accurate than the naive model…"

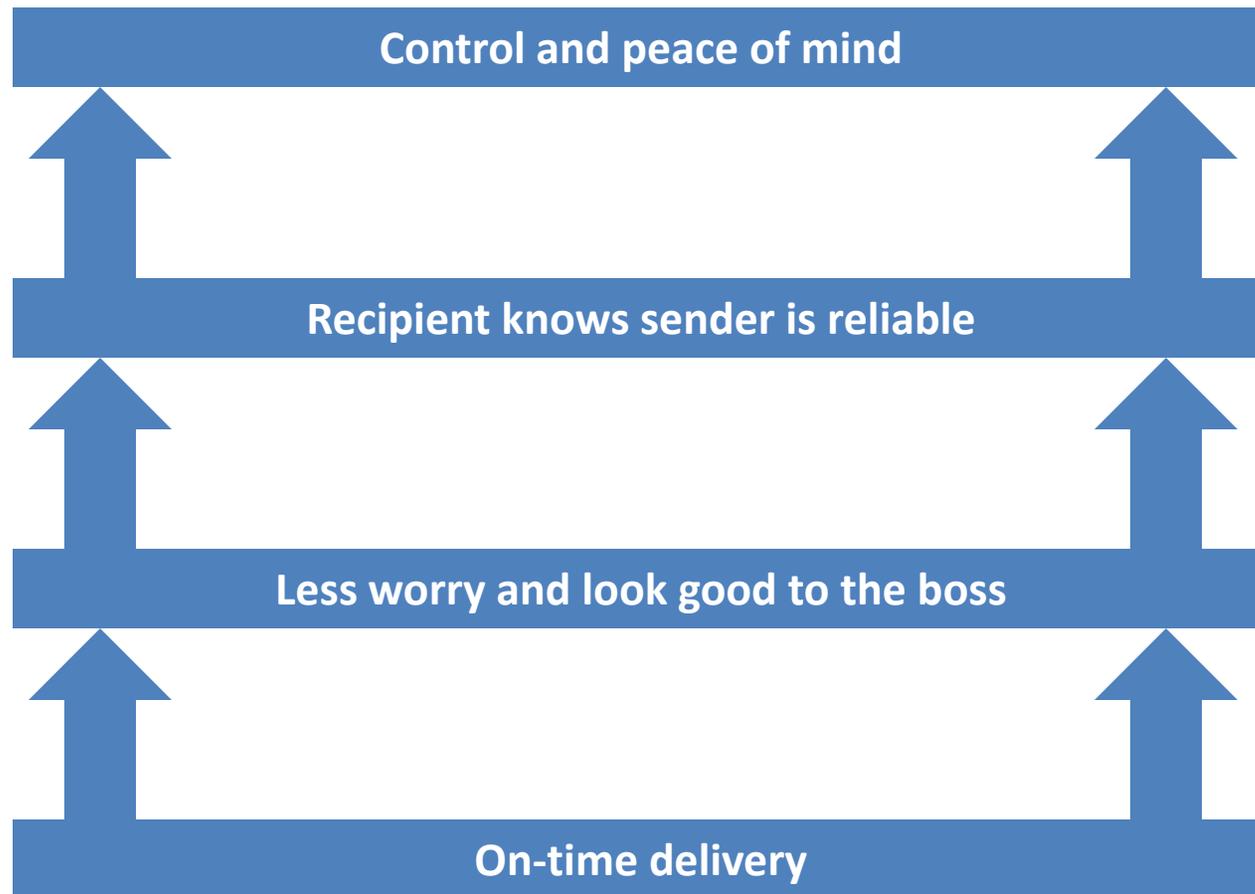"Both people assumed that the other person's preferences would be quite similar to their own preferences."

Hard-wired human biases →

Projection
Confirmation
Empathy gap
Curse of Knowledge

Laddering to Understand Customer Value

Personal Value

↑   ↑

Functional Consequences

↑   ↑

Functional Consequences

↑   ↑

Attribute

➢ Attributes are manifestation of product or service but not the **VALUE** of product or service.

➢ Managers often place too much attention on attributes and not enough on underlying **VALUE** which is drive by basic human needs. (Dynamic Laser Cruise Control)

➢Understanding underlying value can help optimize attributes and market in way that is meaningful to customer

Laddering to Understand Customer Value

Control and peace of mind

Recipient knows sender is reliable

Less worry and look good to the boss

On-time delivery

➤ Why Administrative Assistants choose to ship with FedEx?

➤ Attribute of on-time delivery leads to satisfaction of higher order **VALUE**.

Laddering to Understand Customer Value

Peace of mind, safety

⬆ ⬆

Avoid stressful damage to vehicle

⬆ ⬆

Blind spots more visible, not back into something

⬆ ⬆
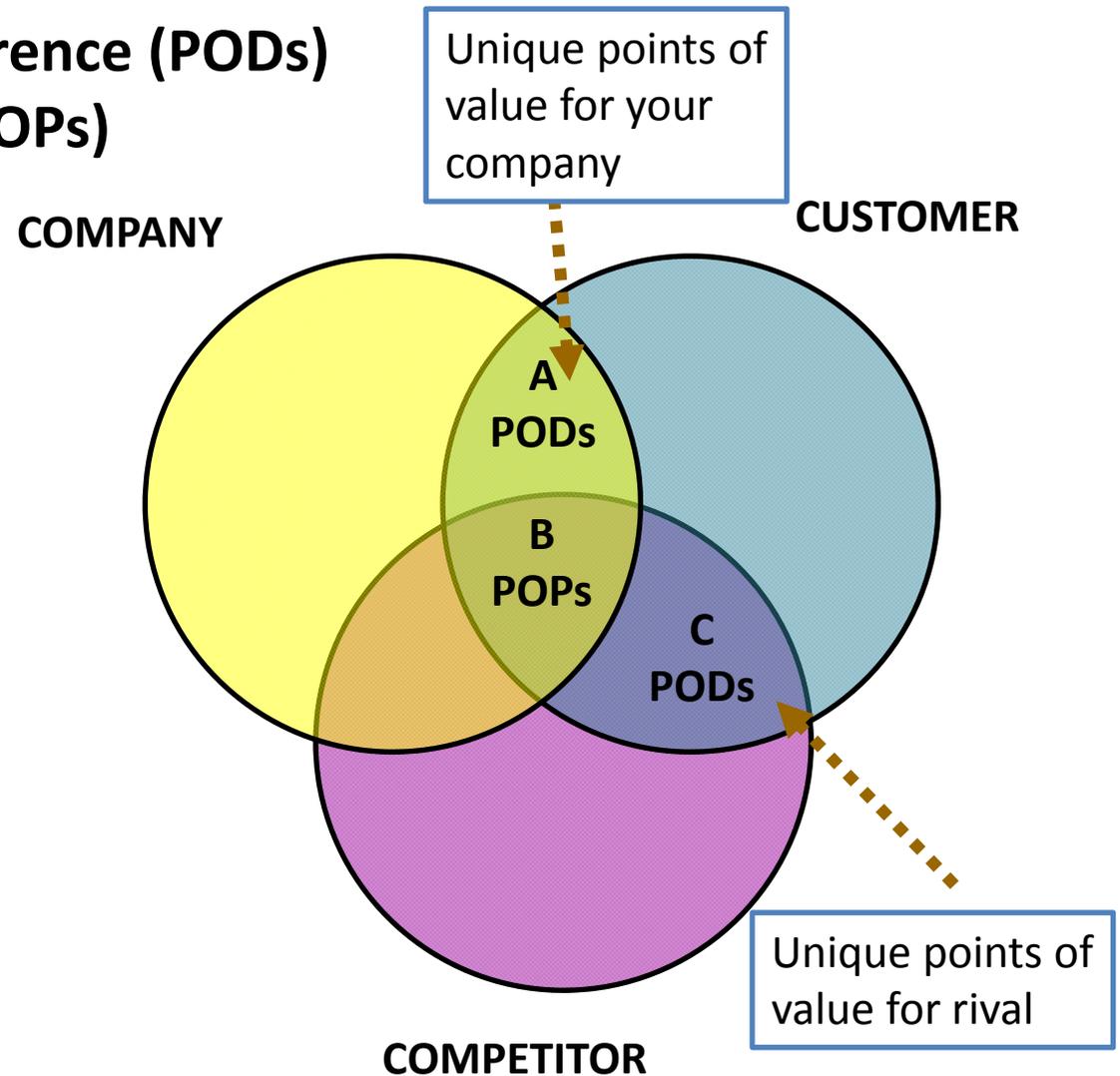
Around View Monitoring 360*

∞ INFINITI

➢ Why purchase advanced technology cameras with 360* view?

➢ Attribute of advanced camera technology leads to satisfaction of higher order **VALUE**.

UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME

3-Circle Model

Areas A, C = Points of Difference (PODs)
Area B = Points of Parity (POPs)

Unique points of value for your company

COMPANY

CUSTOMER

A
PODs

B
POPs

C
PODs

A = Company's Unique Attributes
B = Common Attributes
C = Competitor's Unique Attributes

COMPETITOR

Unique points of value for rival

3-Circle Model

Areas E, F = No value, or potential future value
Area D = Potential cost savings
Area G = New opportunity
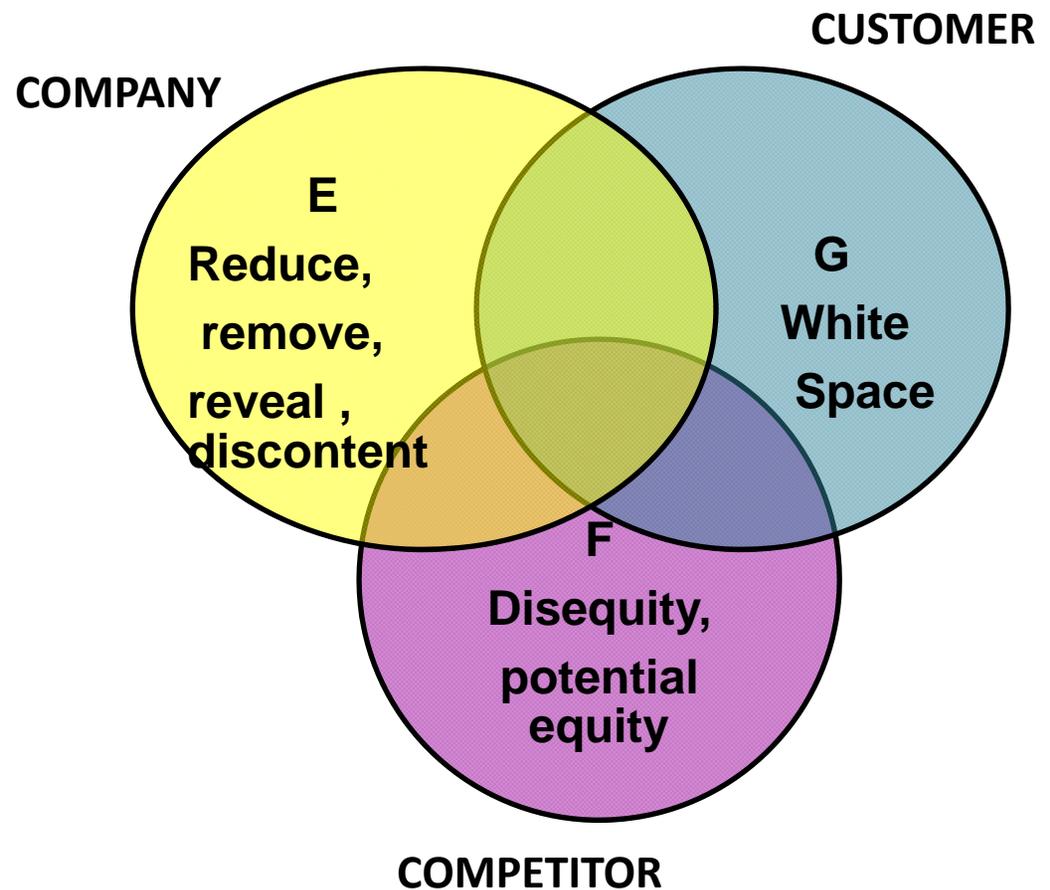
CUSTOMER

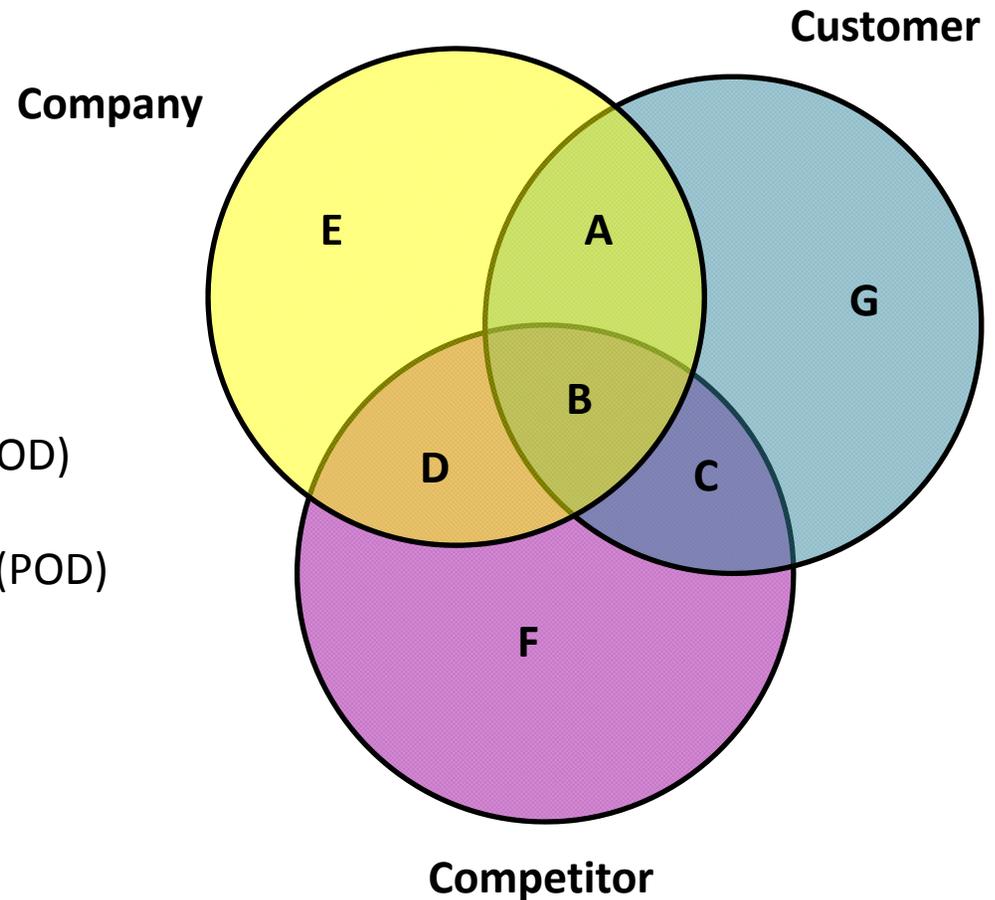COMPANY

E
Reduce, remove, reveal, discontent

G
White Space

D = Common Disequity
E = Company's Unique Disequity
F = Competitor's Unique Disequity
G = Customer's Unmet Needs

F
Disequity, potential equity

COMPETITOR

3-Circle Model
Growth Strategy Project (GSP)

Customer

Company

E

A

G

B

D

C

F

A = Company's Unique Attributes (POD)
B = Common Attributes
C = Competitor's Unique Attributes (POD)
D = Common Disequity
E = Company's Unique Disequity
F = Competitor's Unique Disequity
G = Customer's Unmet Needs

Competitor

UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME

3-Circle Model

HOTEL FORMULE 1

COMPANY

CUSTOMER

Reduce lobby, restaurant, bar, fitness,

High end linens Quality Bed Sound Proofing Hygiene

F Disequity, potential equity

COMPETITOR

A = Company's Unique Attributes
B = Common Attributes
C = Competitor's Unique Attributes
D = Common Disequity
E = Company's Unique Disequity
F = Competitor's Unique Disequity
G = Customer's Unmet Needs

UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME

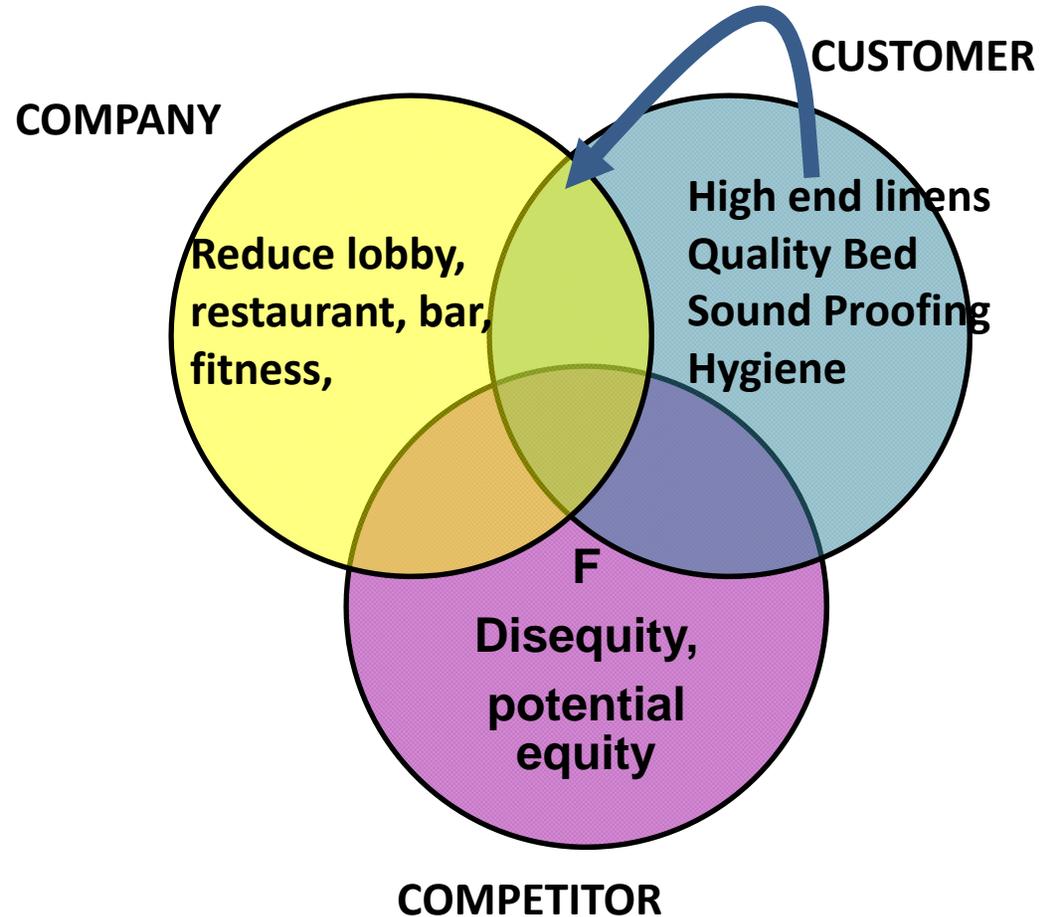# 3-Circle Model

CIRQUE DU SOLEIL

Cirque du Soleil

➤G-White Space—unmet needs. Combine ballet, theater, opera & circus. Unique entertainment experience.

➤A-Unique Attributes (PODs)—breaking the boundary that separates theater and circus. Fun and thrill of circus and intellectual sophistication and artistry of theater. Musical scores and themes.

➤E-Unique & Common Disequity—eliminate costly animal acts, eliminate three rings, deemphasize costly star performers (public no longer thinks of them as major stars)

COMPANY

CUSTOMER

A
PODs

G
White Space

B
POPs

C
PODs
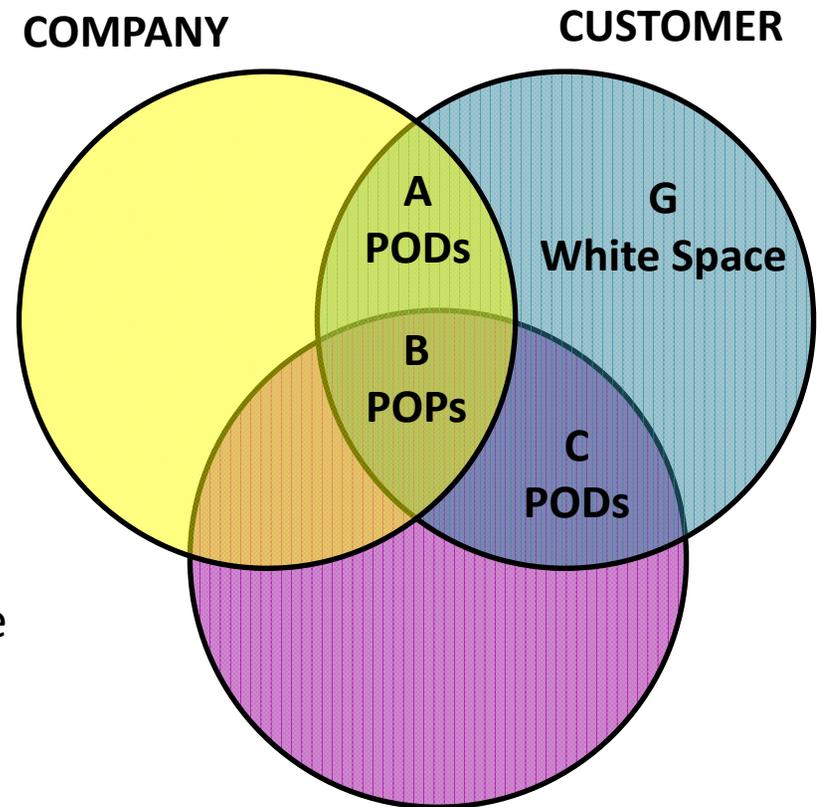
Growth in 3-Circles: Growth Strategy Project

Case Example The Music Boosters

Project: Beth Duncan, VP Human Resources, Belden Corporation

Context: Beth's role as a band parent

A non-profit organization focusing on providing the financing and volunteers needed to support the music programs at Northeastern Junior/Senior High School in Fountain City, Indiana.

UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME

VS.

$175/game $350/game

Growth in 3-Circles: Growth Strategy Project

The first step is to frame the case and set the context.
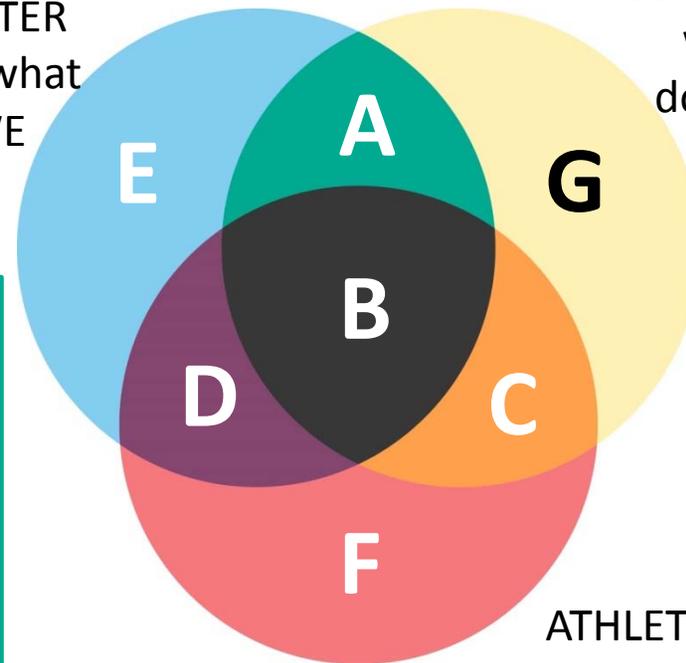
1.1 Identify the players
1.2 Develop Context Statement

MUSIC BOOSTER concessions: what value do WE deliver?

Game attendees: what value do they seek?

E   A   G
    B
D   C
  F

CONTEXT STATEMENT:
My goal is to grow **$ sales revenue**
for the **Music Booster (MB) Concession Stand**
by **15%** in **3 months** by creating more value for
game attendees than does **Athletic Booster
(AB) Concessions.**

ATHLETIC BOOSTER concessions: what value do THEY deliver?

UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME

$175/game   VS. $350/game

Growth in 3-Circles: Growth Strategy Project

The second step is to identify choice factors and get data.

2.1 Identify Choice Factors

      why customers choose your offering

      why customers chooses rival's offering

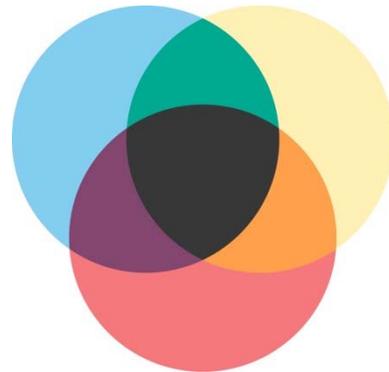2.2 Internal Recon(nassiance) estimate customer valuations

2.3 External Recon interview customers

2.4 Make these choice factors specific

Growth in 3-Circles: Growth Strategy Project

The third step is to sort factors into Venn diagram.

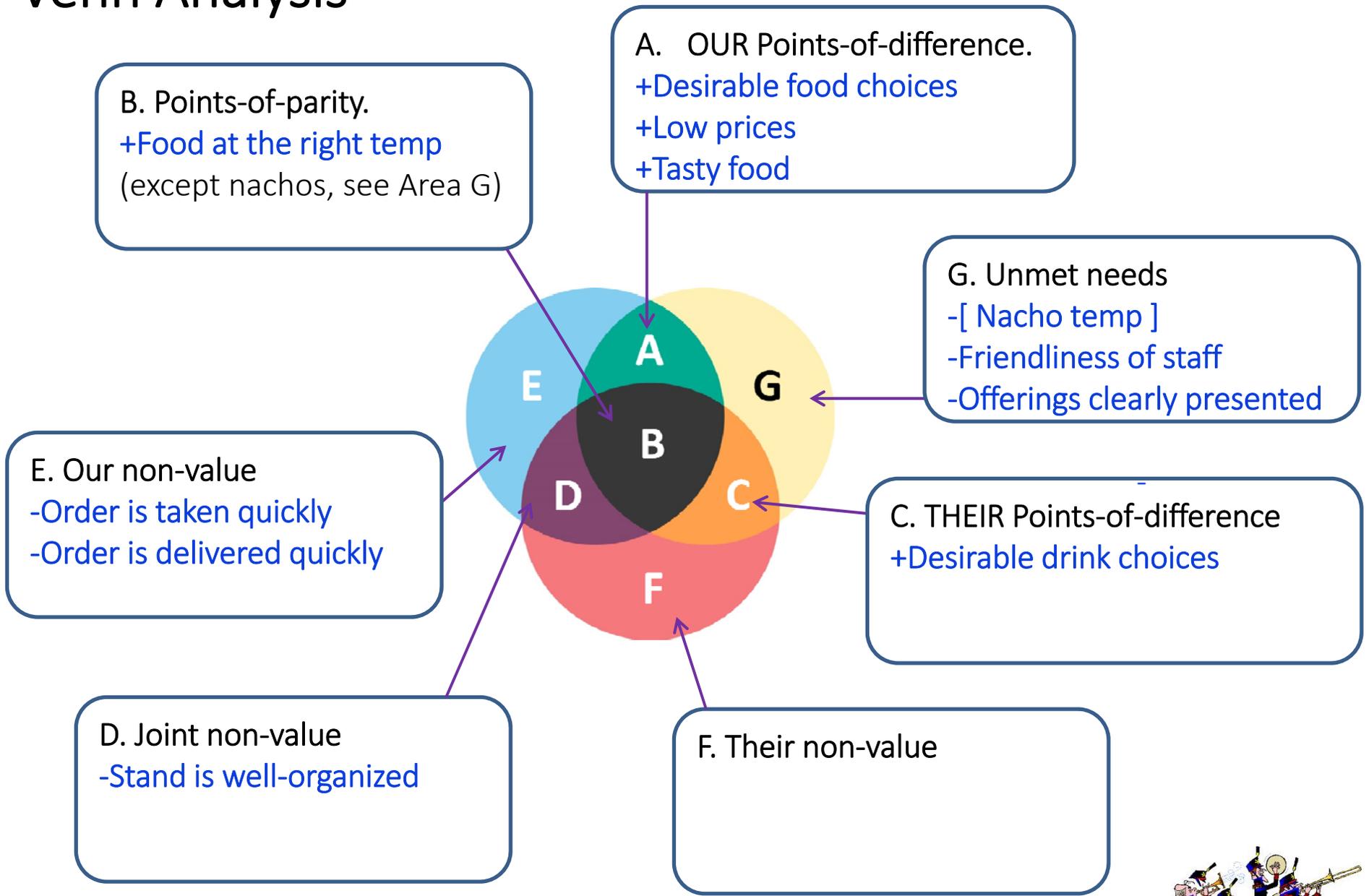The fourth step is to brainstorm strategy and tactics

Music Boosters Case

Here are the data from 36 surveys.

Choice Factors	Important? 3=highest 2=high 1=less	Who wins? Music Boosters	Who wins? Athletic Boosters	Below expecta-tions
Low prices	2	√		
Desirable food choices	3	√		AB
Desirable drink choices	3		√	MB
Food at the right temp	3	=	=	
Tasty food	2	√		
Stand is well-organized	1	=	=	AB, MB
Friendly staff	2			AB, MB
Offerings clearly presented presented	3		√	AB, MB
Order is taken quickly	1	√		AB
Order is delivered quickly	1	√		AB

.

Sorting matrix.

Perceived Brand Differences	Importance to Customers		
	3= highest, essential, can't live without	2 = above average but less than a 3	1 = lower than a 2 or 3 (below average)
We're better	A *Desirable food choices	A- *Low prices *Tasty food	E *Order taken quickly *Order delivered quickly
We're equally good	B *Food at right temp	B-	D
Competitor is better	C *Desirable drink choices	C-	F
We're equally bad or there are needs not fully resolved	G *Offerings clearly presented	G- *Friendly staff	D *Stand is well-organized

Venn Analysis

B. Points-of-parity.
+Food at the right temp
(except nachos, see Area G)

A. OUR Points-of-difference.
+Desirable food choices
+Low prices
+Tasty food

G. Unmet needs
-[Nacho temp]
-Friendliness of staff
-Offerings clearly presented

E. Our non-value
-Order is taken quickly
-Order is delivered quickly

C. THEIR Points-of-difference
+Desirable drink choices

D. Joint non-value
-Stand is well-organized

F. Their non-value

E   A   G

B

D   C

F

The Venn framework provides a broad menu of options for enhancing customer value.

New product taco salad (build Area A)

Fix nacho temp
New signage
Pregame pep talk to volunteers

E Reduce, remove, reveal?

A Build, Defend

G Fix, Innovate

B Maintain, Move up?

C Neutralize?

D

F Exploit?

Redesigned stand. & work flow, created clearer volunteer roles (reveal Areas D, E)

New hot drinks (neutralize C)
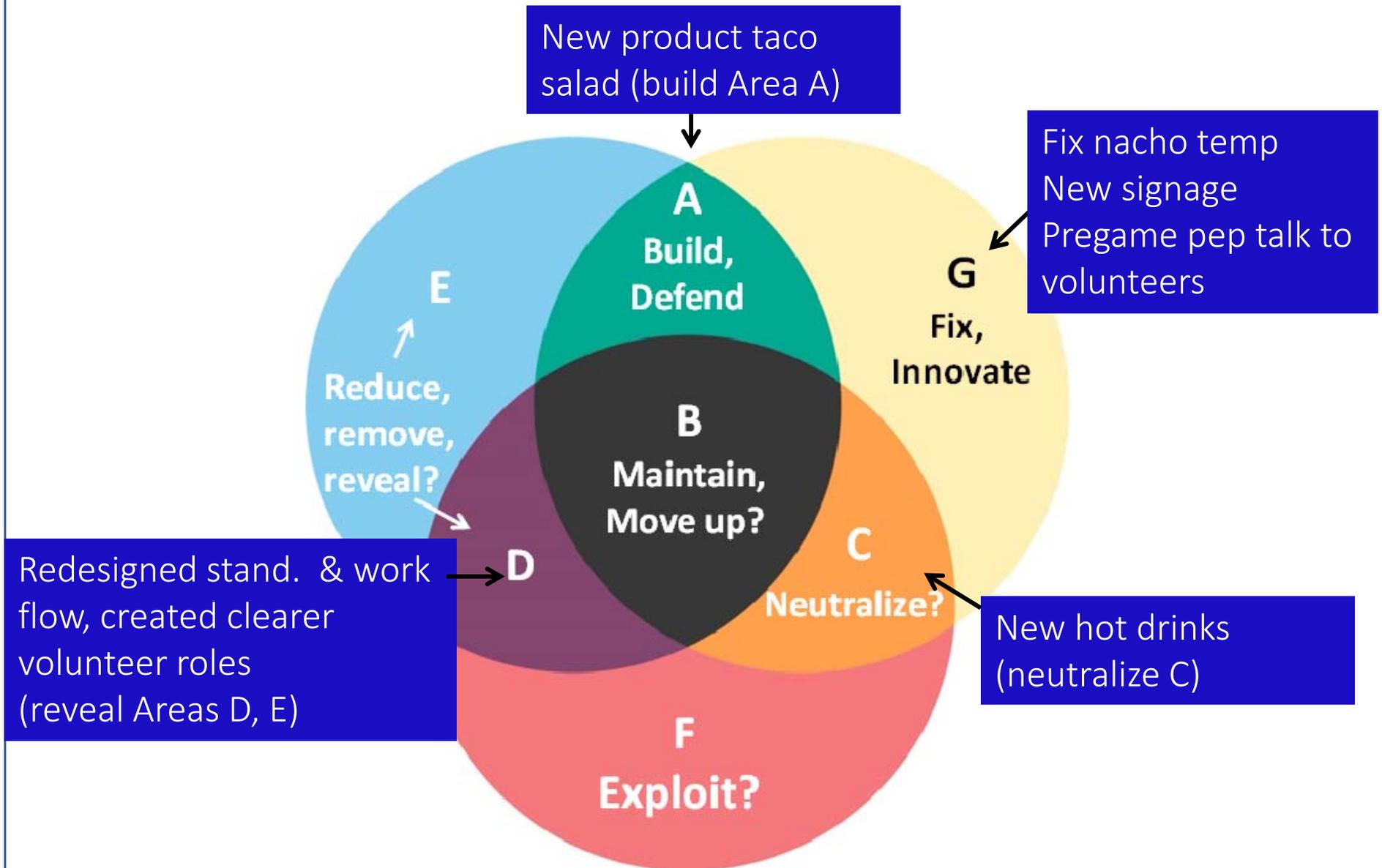
OUTPUT = PLAN. 7-step plan for the Music Boosters.

	Game attendees		
1. Segmentation	**Chatty, social**	**Hungry, cold**	
2. Targeting		**Hungry, cold**	
3. Positioning	Value prop = fill you up, keep you warm / fair market prices		
4. Product/ Service	*Standard offerings + new walking taco salad + hot drinks *Service quality, motivated volunteer staff		
5. Price	Fair market		
6. Place (channels)	Redesign stand work flow, volunteer roles		
7. Promotion	New, signage with offerings / prices clearly communicated		

Example Choice Factors– TRANSPORTATION COMPANY

REASON	
Speed	
On time	
Cust serv	
Rates	
Stable	
Report	
Track	
Outsource?	
EDI	
Simple pr	
Invoices	
Air ride?	
Low damage	
Aft hours	
bonded	

FULL CHOICE FACTOR SET:

REASON	INITIAL PROPOSED CHOICE FACTORS
Speed	Fast delivery, Two and Three day LTL service options from the Midwest to the U.S. Mexico Border
On time	On-Time delivery (98 percent performance)
Cust serv	Dedicated customer service advocate assigned to the account
Rates	Published rates - low pricing per pound
Stable	Financially stable company,
	Company will provide financials
Report	Provides On-Time performance reports
Track	Shipments can be tracked online
Outsource?	Carrier is asset-based (doesn't outsource)
EDI	Has EDI billing capability (paperless)
Simple pr	Simple pricing per pound versus a class system
Invoices	Billing invoices are simple and easy to read,
	Billing invoices do not require an audit function
Air ride?	Company has air ride trailers,
	Company has an excellent safety record
Low damage	Company has low occurrence of damage to shipments
Aft hours	Customers can reach company after 5:00 p.m.
bonded	Company is a U.S. Customs Bonded carrier

Growth in 3-Circles: Growth Strategy Project
Exercise: Develop Preliminary Growth Strategy

1. Frame case and set context

    1.1 Identify players

    specific company unit under study

    define customer segment under study

    choose one competitor or rival as a choice option

    1.2 Develop context statement goal

2. Identify Choice Factors

    2.1 why customers choose your offering or rival's offering
    Functional benefits, place, financial, information, time, relationship, experiential, status, psychosocial

3. Sort Factors into Venn diagram

4. Brainstorm strategy and tactics for growth

Example 1 – Coffee Shop Choice

CONTEXT

(1) COMPANY: Offering = cup of coffee at **CORNER BAKERY**

(2) CUSTOMER: leaving work on a Saturday afternoon. In need of a cup of coffee.

(3) COMPETITOR(s): cup of coffee at **STARBUCKS**

REASONS / POSSIBLE ACTIONS

(4) REASONS why the customer would choose CORNER BAKERY?

(6) YOUR TACTICAL ACTION HYPOTHESES: If you had to guess right now, what are the types of actions you think might be necessary to reach your growth goal? (check the box)

	improve current product or service
	add new to product or service line
	lower prices / more price promotions
	raise prices
	find new channels of distribution
	better manage channel relationships
	invest/Improve print /media adv
	invest/improve digital marketing / social media

(5) REASONS why the customer would choose STARBUCKS?

Worksheet Growth Strategy Project

CONTEXT

(1) COMPANY Offering: What offering is the focus of your GSP?

(2). CUSTOMER: Who is a / the target customer for your GSP?

(3) COMPETITOR(s): Who is / are the competitors? (first write down the list, then, just for this exercise, circle one)

REASONS / POSSIBLE ACTIONS

(4) What are REASONS why the customer would choose your offering over the competitor's?

(6) TACTICAL ACTION HYPOTHESES: If you had to guess right now, what are the types of actions you think might be necessary to reach your growth goal? (check the box)

	improve current product or service
	add new to product or service line
	lower prices / more price promotions
	raise prices
	find new channels of distribution
	better manage channel relationships
	invest/Improve print /media adv
	invest/improve digital marketing / social media

(5) What are REASONS why the customer would choose your competitor's offering over yours?

GSP Worksheet

Mktg Mix tactic	Choice factor
Product / service	
Price	
Place / channels of distribution	
Promotion	

1. Think broadly.
2. Think about decisions.
3. Be specific.
4. One idea at a time.
5. Positive statements.

GSP Worksheet Using the "reasons" from page 1, translate to choice factors here. **3**

Other categories	Choice factor
Examples: Brand-related *familiarity *specific brand beliefs like trust Business performance: *sales, profit *customer sat Other factors	

1. Think broadly.
2. Think about decisions.
3. Be specific.
4. One idea at a time.
5. Positive statements.